

CHARNWOOD COMMUNITY SAFETY PARTNERSHIP

CRIME AND DISORDER REDUCTION STRATEGY 2005 - 2008

Mission Statement

Charnwood Community Safety Partnership is helping to create a safer borough by promoting good citizenship and reducing crime, anti-social behaviour and disorder. We will identify and build on current best practice and seek opportunities to develop the promotion of safety and the reduction of crime within the community.



Forward

This Crime and Disorder Reduction Strategy covering the period 2005-2008 looks back on the Partnership's considerable achievements over previous years, evidences the priority work areas identified through consultation as strategic themes for the next three years, and sets challenging targets against these themes. It is our expectation that the new structure of the Crime and Disorder Reduction Panel (CDRP) will provide a streamlined and more efficient approach to delivering the outcomes identified under these strategic themes, and will enhance performance management and accountability, thereby demonstrating the full value of working in partnership to achieve common goals.

The strategy seeks to:

- reduce violent crime.
- reduce acquisitive crime and tackle drug misuse.
- reduce the incidents of anti-social behaviour.
- protect and reassure the community.

As part of the move towards a more locally driven approach to decision making about how services are delivered, through this partnership we will contribute to the development of Local Area Agreements (LAA) in conjunction with the six CDRP's and Leicestershire County Council. Home Office guidance on crime and disorder reduction strategies is increasingly focusing on outcomes rather than processes as Partnerships mature and the Strategy is therefore a live document - the CDRP will review and update it annually to reflect any new legislation, crime trends, new priorities and other relevant information.

Finally, we would like to record our gratitude for the many important contributions that have been made in the development of this strategy.

Introduction

Community Safety issues are a key priority for a wide range of local agencies and groups and as such are reflected in many of their strategies. The key to the success of this strategy is for all of these bodies to work together to add value to the work on community safety through collaboration and co-operation.

The purpose of the Charnwood Community Safety Partnership defined by the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, is to work together to make the best use of resources in addressing crime and the fear of crime in Charnwood. The Partnership comprises the following statutory bodies, the Police, Charnwood Borough Council, Leicestershire County Council, Fire Service and Primary Care Trust as well as the Drug and Alcohol Action Team (DAAT) and voluntary agencies. The Partnership has worked with North West Leicestershire Partnership in Safer Communities on joint projects and will continue to consider commissioning joint projects to meet the strategic aims of the strategy.

In this, our third Community Safety Strategy, you will find a summary of:

- some of our achievements to date,
- evidence as to why we have chosen to undertake activities in certain areas, and
- what we intend to do in the next three years.

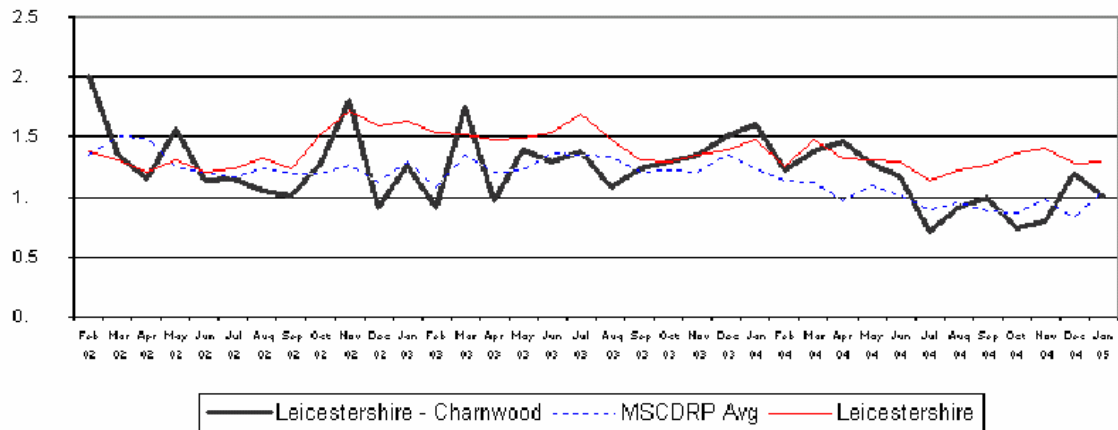
The strategy has taken full account of, and complements the following existing plans:

- Leicestershire Drugs and Alcohol Action Team Plan
- Leicestershire Constabulary Policing Plan
- Probation Service Business Plan
- Youth Offending Service Strategy
- Charnwood Community Strategy
- Charnwood Corporate Plan
- Leicestershire Fire and Rescue Service Strategic Plan

It has also taken account of the national and regional priorities for community safety, details of which are summarised in Appendix I.

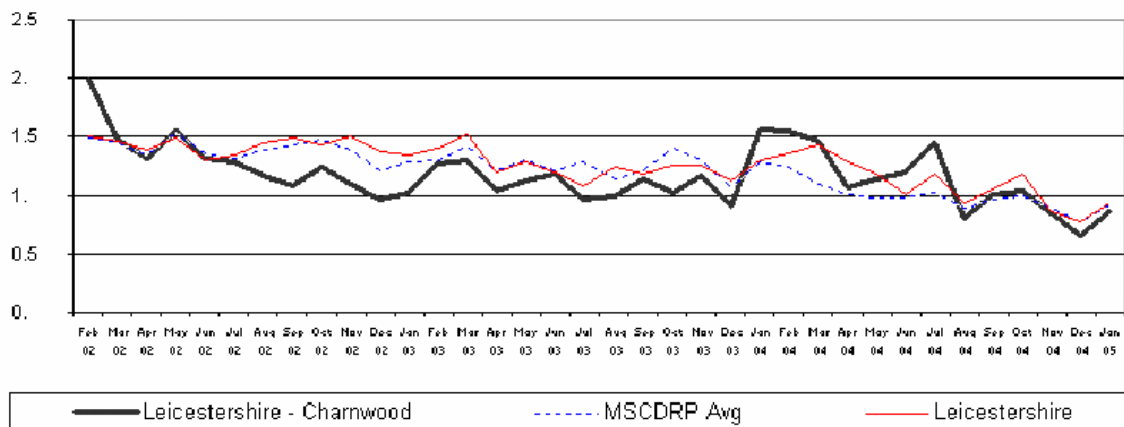
The Current Situation

Over the last three years the partnership has run successful campaigns to target crime and disorder within the Borough which contributed to reduce burglary by 8%, vehicle theft by 26.5% and theft from a vehicle by 26.3%.



Comparison Chart - Crimes per 1000 Households Leicestershire - Charnwood Domestic Burglary 'Most Similar' CDRPs 01 Feb 2002 - 31 Jan 2005

Figure 1 Burglaries recorded from Feb 02 to Jan 05



Comparison Chart - Crimes per 1000 Residents Leicestershire - Charnwood Vehicle Crime (excluding Vehicle Interference) 'Most Similar' CDRPs 01 Feb 2002 - 31 Jan 2005

Figure 2 Vehicle crime recorded from Feb 02 to Jan 05

Some of the projects that have been funded through the partnership are as follows:

- We have part funded the Special Operations Unit run by Leicestershire Constabulary which has targeted organised crime.
- We have funded a joint project with North West Leicestershire CDRP called PORT through which the Probation Service has targeted prolific offendersⁱ

ⁱ Prolific Offenders are those individuals who are locally identified as people who have a history of committing high levels of acquisitive crime.

- We have worked to improve drug rehabilitation services with the Primary Care Trust, Drug Alcohol Action Team (DAAT) and North West Leicestershire District Council
- We have implemented Alcohol Free Zones in various Charnwood locations
- We have supported, through funding of a specialist post, a multi-discipline approach to tackling anti-social behaviour.

To prevent young people becoming victims of crimes we funded:

- Junior Whirlwind – A workshop which visited year 9 students in schools throughout Charnwood reminding young people of the consequences of criminal and anti-social behaviour
- Buzz Bus - A mobile youth work facility focusing on drug education and diversionary activities.
- “Snap Tours” – Drug awareness performances delivered to year 7 students throughout Charnwood.

To help to raise awareness of crime prevention, particularly vehicle crime and burglary, we funded:

- Vehicle crime awareness days which offered advice on crime prevention to members of the public. These took place Loughborough Town centre and in the South of the Borough.
- Radio adverts promoting burglary and vehicle crime prevention information at key times during the strategy period.
- A “Smartwater” Campaign – Smartwater is a powerful deterrent to any criminal because ‘forensic profiling’ means stolen goods coded with Smartwater can be directly linked to the crime. Victims of burglary are encouraged to use Smartwater on their property as it is a recognised deterrent for repeat burglaries.
- The Age Concern Handy Van Scheme which is targeted towards the over 60’s, providing crime prevention advice and fitting of extra security devices.

To reduce the fear of crime and encourage community involvement we funded:

- Back of bus promotional campaign to encourage the public to report drug dealers in their area to Crimestoppers. It has been reported that there was an increase of 14.7% of calls and an 83.0% increase in those calls leading to arrests.
- Crimestoppers messages encouraging the public to report crimes were printed on the Pay and Display tickets for Local Authority car parks.
- Trial of Mobile CCTV to assess its functionality and cost/benefit.
- Domestic Violence awareness raising events throughout the Borough.

- Licensees National Drugs Certificate training days were run throughout the Borough to educate licensees on how to recognise and tackle drug misuse on their premises.
- Funding the Racial Harassment Contact Group Co-ordinator to encourage increased reporting of racial and hate crimes.

The Audit and Consultations

A Crime and Disorder audit is produced by all the Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnerships (CDRPs) as required by the 1998 Act. The purpose of the audit is to analyse information on crime, disorder and drugs issues over the previous three financial years in the Borough.

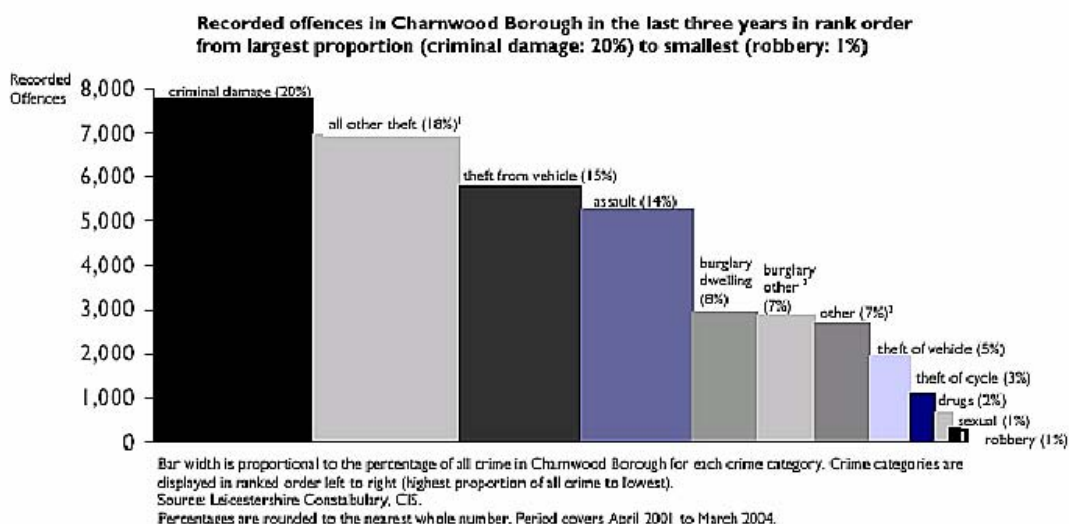
The Charnwood Crime and Disorder Audit was carried out with the County Audit Team during 2004. In addition the Partnership has consulted with key partners and the public on the findings of the audit. The results of those consultations and of the Audit are the basis for this strategy for the reduction of crime and disorder in Charnwood for the period April 2005 to March 2008.

Findings from the Audit

The key findings of the 2004 audit for Charnwood are as follows:-

- Criminal Damage together with All Other Theft - this has generally increased. These two categories account for the highest volume of crime (38% of all crime). Criminal damage has been identified as a county-wide problem.
- Vehicle Crime – there has been a significant decrease over the audit period, however within Charnwood, vehicle crime remains higher when compared with similar boroughs in the country (see appendix 2). Two thirds of vehicle crimes are theft from a vehicle and the hotspots where these have occurred have been at the beauty spots of Bradgate Park, Beacon Hill and Watermead Country Park.
- Violent Crime – has increased significantly over the last seven years. This is not just within the Charnwood area, but both regionally and nationally. This is partly due to the changes in recording crimes by the police in both 1998 and 2002. The new system of recording violent crime has changed towards recording the *victim's perception* of whether a crime has taken place, rather the police procuring sufficient *evidence* that a crime has taken place.
- Burglary dwelling – this has remained stable over the last five years, though again, when compared to similar boroughs around the country, the rate is relatively high (see appendix 2).
- Domestic Violence – the number of incidents reported has increased over the last three years, this is partly because there has been a drive to increase the reporting of domestic violence.

- Drug and Alcohol Abuse – It is important to note that for the Drugs crime category the overall number of recorded crimes is a reflection of police activity rather than drug misuse in the area. Police recorded drug offences are very low in Charnwood. At present there is little data available on the relationship between crime and disorder and the misuse of drugs and alcohol.



Findings of the Consultation

In light of the Audit and in preparation of this strategy the Partnership has consulted with a wide ranging group of partners, voluntary groups and individuals. We talked to University Students, members of the Youth Forum, visitors to the annual Loughborough Mela, and members of the Ethnic Minority Forum. We received feedback from our partner agencies and also published the results of the Audit in the Charnwood News, a Borough Council newsletter circulated to over 67,000 households in the Borough.

We also surveyed over 1300 members of the Charnwood Citizen’s Panel and the main findings from that consultation were:

- 63.6% of those who responded to our survey said they had been a victim of crime, these included:
 - 24.9% who had suffered a break in at their home and
 - 31.7% suffering damage to their vehicles.

Respondents were asked if their fear of crime prevented them from doing anything they would like to do. A high percentage of respondents felt they were unable to visit the town centre, walk across a park or use a cash point machine at night time. When asked about the causes of these fears, the top three reasons given were:

- The activities of young people in the areas they live in
- Not enough Police patrols in their area
- People being drunk or rowdy in the areas they live in

From the consultations, the following concerns were identified

- **Anti-Social Behaviour** as the key issue and a concern for the public. However, this is an all encompassing term and needs to be broken down into categories. Vandalism and graffiti were perceived to be a significant problem, as were 'youths hanging around the street'.
- The effect of **Drugs Misuse** was also considered to be of high concern.
- **Burglary and Car Crime** have been highlighted as priority issues.

National Targets

When formulating the strategic themes for the next three years, we must also reflect the national Public Service Agreements from the Home Office. These are detailed in full in Appendix I.

To summarise, the findings from the audit, local concerns identified in the consultation, and the national priorities, all highlight the need to:

- reduce violent crime,
- acquisitive crime and its causes,
- anti-social behaviour
- to reassure the public.

Strategic Themes and Targets for 2005 - 2008

The strategic themes for the Charnwood Community Safety Partnership have been identified from the Fear of Crime survey, crime audit, experience from the last strategy and Home Office guidance. They are:-

1. To reduce violent crime.
2. To reduce acquisitive crime and tackle drug misuse.
3. To reduce the incidents of anti-social behaviour.
4. To protect and reassure the community.

Strategic Theme – To reduce violent crime

The areas covered will include:

Domestic violence

Gun and weapon crime

Alcohol fuelled violence particularly within town and village centres.

Assault

Sex crimes

Key Measures of Performance

<u>Objective</u>	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Timescale</u>	<u>Target</u>
To reduce common assault by 12% *PSAI	705 offences	2007/2008	620 offences
To reduce wounding by 12% *PSAI	925 offences	2007/2008	814 offences
To increase the reporting of domestic violence to the police by 10%.	1509 recorded incidents	2007/2008	1660 recorded incidents

Example Action Areas

- To work with the Council's Licensing Team regarding the licensing of door keepers.
- To continue to support the work of PubWatch.
- To work closely with the police, Primary Care Trust (PCT), the university and other interested parties to ensure behaviour in the Loughborough town centre is monitored and reacted to in an appropriate manner.
- To continue to support campaigns raising awareness around the issues of Domestic Violence and promote the Domestic Violence Common Monitoring Project.

Strategic Theme – To reduce acquisitive crime and tackle drug misuse

The areas covered will include:

Robbery and burglary

Theft

Business crime

Vehicle crime

Prolific offenders (see appendix one)ⁱⁱ

Drugs (see appendix one)

Key Measures of Performance

<u>Objective</u>	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Timescale</u>	<u>Target</u>
To reduce theft from vehicles by 27% *PSAI	1598 offences	2007/2008	1167 offences
To reduce theft of vehicles by 27% *PSAI	597 offences	2007/2008	436 offences
To reduce domestic burglary by 18% *PSAI	969 offences	2007/2008	795 offences
To reduce the unauthorised taking of a cycle by 20% *PSAI	335 offences	2007/2008	268 offences
To reduce theft from a person by 20% *PSAI	205 offences	2007/2008	164 offences
To improve the methods of recording and monitoring discarded drug paraphernalia.	To develop a baseline figure	2005/2006	To identify hot spot areas for action

Example Action Areas

- To tackle the problem of prolific and priority offenders through the county wide multi-agency approach of MAPPOM.
- To run crime prevention campaigns throughout the borough.
- To continue to work with the DAAT to reduce drug and alcohol misuse.
- To continue to support the work of the Leicestershire Safe at Home - Handy Van Scheme which helps prevent burglaries and repeat victimisation.
- Promote business crime reduction initiatives, including Cool (Crime out of Loughborough).

ⁱⁱ Prolific Offenders are those individuals who are locally identified as people who have a history of committing high levels of acquisitive crime.

Strategic Theme – To reduce the incidents of anti social behaviour.

The areas covered will include:

Arson

Criminal damage

Racial harassment and hate crime

Anti-social behaviour and disorder*PSA 2 (See appendix 2)

Key Measures of Performance

<u>Objective</u>	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Timescale</u>	<u>Target</u>
To reduce criminal damage by 20% *PSA1	2709 offences	2007/2008	2167 offences
To reduce vehicle interference by 27% *PSA1	204 offences	2007/2008	149 offences
To increase the reporting of racial harassment and hate crime by 10%	131 reports	2007/2008	144 reports
To work with the Fire and Rescue Service to reduce the incidents of deliberate fires by 15%	485 incidents	2007/2008	412 incidents
To run effective A.S.B. awareness seminars across the Borough over the next three years.	The launch of the “Together Campaign”	2005/2008	To hold at least 6 seminars

Example Action Areas

- To run campaigns with the Fire Service and Police to reduce the incidents of deliberate fires.
- To work with relevant agencies to promote the prevention of anti-social behaviour throughout the borough.
- To promote relevant interventions through the Partnership to reduce the incidence of criminal damage.
- To work with relevant agencies to reduce incidents of abandoned vehicles, fly tipping, graffiti etc.
- To work with relevant agencies and projects to promote the reporting of Racist incidents and Hate crime.

Strategic Theme – To protect and reassure the community

We will encourage

- Preventative measures and reassurance.
- Victim and witness support
- Community Cohesion
- Diversions activities

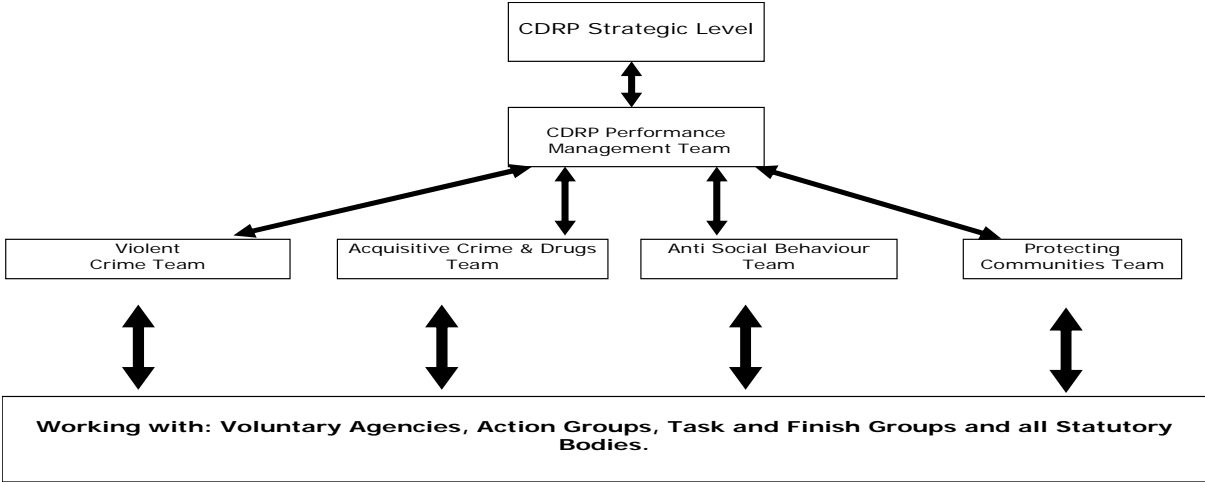
Key Measures of Performance

<u>Objective</u>	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Timescale</u>	<u>Target</u>
We will work to improve witness support and protection.	Assess the current provision	2005/2006	Develop a protocol regarding witness support
Support positive opportunities for young people so helping to prevent them becoming criminals or victims.	Develop a Youth Strategy	2005/2006	Youth Strategy adopted by the Council
Improve communications and distribution of information by agencies to reduce the fear of crime and raise public awareness of the CDRP.	Publication of the 2005/2008 strategy	2007/2008	To run 2 campaigns per year involving all members of the partnership
Continue to support the improvements to existing CCTV Schemes	Existing CCTV review for 2004/2005	2007/2008	Annual review of effectiveness

Example Action Areas

- To work with relevant youth and other agencies to develop and promote the Youth related initiatives.
- Together with other interested parties we will seek to use the Buzz Bus to engage with young people and provide drug and alcohol information.
- To work with relevant agencies and community groups to promote the work of the Community Safety Partnership.
- To liaise with all key agencies in developing an effective witness support programme.
- To maintain and where appropriate improve the existing CCTV schemes.
- To work with the relevant agencies to ensure the delivery of the Partnership's action plan.
- To contribute to multi agency initiatives to promote community cohesion in the borough.

New Structure for the CDRP



Under the new structure the strategic aims will be delivered by the four themed groups who will produce detailed annual action plans describing how each project under their management will be delivered under the guidance of the Performance Management Team. It may be that Task and Finish groups will be established to deliver these projects and they will draw on appropriate expertise as required. In turn this team will report back to the Partnership, allowing two way interactions with Local Strategic Partnership (LSP) and Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Community Safety Programme Board.

Through this partnership we will contribute to the development of Local Area Agreements (LAA) in conjunction with the six CDRP’s and Leicestershire County Council.

Local Area Agreements (LAAs) are being piloted in 21 local authority areas at the same time as the Government is introducing the Safer and Stronger Communities Fund (SSCF), across English Local Authorities. These pilots, and the creation of the SSCF, are part of the move towards a more locally driven approach to decision making about how services are delivered.

Local Strategic Partnerships (LSPs) and Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnerships (CDRPs), are at the heart of this new way of working to build a more flexible and responsive relationship between central and local government.

The strategy is designed to cover a three year period; however the CDRP will review and update it annually to reflect any new legislation, crime trends, new priorities and other relevant information. Home Office guidance on crime and disorder reduction strategies is increasingly focusing on outcomes rather than processes as Partnerships mature.

Performance Management

The Performance Management Team comprises representatives of the statutory authorities and other key partners and has overall responsibility for receiving and acting upon data regarding the partnership's ongoing performance against agreed targets.

Each strategic theme and the related annual action plan to achieve their targets will be approved by the Partnership. The Performance Management Team will be responsible for monitoring the delivery on these Action Plans and overseeing progress of the designated Task and Finish Groups.

When requesting funding, all projects will have to provide objectives and these objectives must be expressed in such a way that they are measurable. Charnwood CDRP will be requiring that all objectives will be:

Specific - all objectives should have specific outcomes

Measurable – the outcome of the objective should be capable of being measured.

Achievable - the objective should describe something that can be achieved within the timescale and the resources set for the project.

Realistic - objectives describe something that can actually be done.

Timebound - a timescale should be set for when the objective is to be achieved.

Evaluated – the outcomes should be evaluated

Reviewed – the project should be reviewed and lessons shared as to the success or failures

APPENDIX I – NATIONAL AND LOCAL PRIORITIES

Public Service Agreements

Following the publication of the government's 2004 spending review and the Home Office's new five year Strategic Plan, the Home Office will have seven new Public Service Agreements (PSA's) for the period March 2005 to March 2008. The following three PSA's are those most pertinent to Charnwood Community Safety Partnership.

Public Service Agreement – 1

“To reduce crime by 20% in the 10 crime areas identified by the Home Office”.

These ten areas are:

Theft of a vehicle – reduce by 27%

Theft from a vehicle – reduce by 27%

Vehicle interference – reduce by 27%

Domestic burglary – reduce by 18%

Unauthorised taking of a cycle – reduce by 20%

Theft from person – reduce by 20%

Criminal damage – reduce by 20%

Common assault – reduce by 12%

Wounding – reduce by 12%

Robbery – to stay at the same rate of 0.6%

Public Service Agreement – 2

“To reassure the public, reducing the fear of crime and anti-social behaviour and building confidence in the Criminal Justice System without compromising fairness”.

Public Service Agreement – 4

“To reduce the harm caused by illegal drugs including substantially increasing the number of drug misusing offenders entering treatment through the Criminal Justice System”.

Local Public Service Agreements:

Target 6

Increase the participation of problem drug users in drug treatment programmes and increase the proportion of users successfully sustaining or completing treatment programmes.

Target 7

Reduce Vehicle Crime across the County.

Target 8

Reduce the overall level of Domestic Violence by increasing reporting and reducing repeat victimisation.

The National Policing Plan 2005 – 08

Safer, Stronger Communities.

The Government's vision, set out in the Home Office Strategic Plan 2004-2008, is of a police service which puts the law-abiding citizen at the heart of all it does, while working in partnership to create and maintain secure and confident communities.

The reduction of crime and the provision of a citizen-focused police service should both be addressed by all forces and authorities in keeping with the reform proposals set out in "Building Communities, Beating Crime: A better police service for the 21st century".

The government's **five key priorities** for policing at a national level are to:

- reduce overall crime – including violent and drug-related crime – in line with the Government's Public Service Agreements (PSAs);
- provide a citizen-focussed police service which responds to the needs of communities and individuals, especially victims and witnesses, and inspires public confidence in the police, particularly among minority ethnic communities;
- take action with partners to increase sanction detection rates and target prolific and other priority offenders;
- reduce people's concerns about crime, and anti-social behaviour and disorder; and
- combat serious and organised crime, within and across force boundaries.

The Home Office Strategic Plan 2004-2008 describes in detail the Home Office strategy for reducing crime, drug abuse and insecurity. It also sets out the Home Office's seven PSA targets for 2005-06 to 2007-08, including bringing more offences to justice which requires an improvement in sanction detections.

Leicestershire Constabulary

The Government White Paper 'Building Communities, Beating Crime' published in November 04 set out plans for the next phase of reform for the Police Service outlining 'a

clear direction of change to deliver community policing for today's world' (David Blunkett MP)

The Citizen sits at the top of this vision and is serviced by responsive neighbourhood policing teams, supported by wider partnerships to cut crime, driven by strong police leadership and accountability, within a framework of national support.

Leicestershire Constabulary has a long and successful history of community policing through strong interaction with communities by way of locally based Principal Beat Officers within a Local Policing Unit structure. We have continued to strengthen and develop this policing style, by way of microbeat policing.

What will successful Neighbourhood Policing in Leicestershire look like?

Neighbourhoods will have dedicated resources, including the extended police family. Numbers, staffing mix and skills will be appropriate to the particular needs of the neighbourhood. Information systems and analytical capability will be used in a structured way to identify those neighbourhoods requiring intensive intervention. Resource allocation, as part of the National Intelligence Model, will be steered by this analysis and will be dynamic and responsive. There will be an emphasis on local problem solving, with mechanisms to identify and respond to neighbourhood level priorities, drawing in additional resources from other levels and partners where necessary. Engagement with communities and a focus on public involvement in identifying problems and prioritising action will be the norm in all neighbourhoods. Performance Management will reinforce this. Local structures and arrangements around beats, LPUs, team composition and leadership, shift patterns etc. will support Neighbourhood Policing.

Partnership arrangements at CDRP and neighbourhood level will be strong and focussed upon supporting Neighbourhood Policing.

Leicestershire County Council

Leicestershire County Council's Corporate Community Safety Plan outlines the County Council's commitment to community safety. Each department has demonstrated the actions they will take to fulfil the council's obligations under the Crime and Disorder Act.

For further information and a copy of the plan please call 0116 265 6056

Charnwood Borough Council

A number of Charnwood Borough Council's strategic aims in its Corporate Plan relate specifically or indirectly to the Crime and Disorder Reduction strategy. The most directly related is "A Clean, Safe and Healthy Environment" but the Council's work in achieving

“Leisure and Cultural Opportunities for all”, “Decent Homes and Neighbourhoods”, “Economically Prosperous Environment” and “Sustainable Environment” all play a part, either through designing out crime, providing diversionary activities for the youth, or improving community cohesion to name but a few. Therefore, the Council has a key role to play in helping to create an environment in which crime and disorder can be reduced.

Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Community Safety Programme Board

The Community Safety Programme Board is made up of chief officers from a range of agencies and chairs of the CDRPs. The role of the Board is to identify and co-ordinate issues common to all CDRPs, and to explore funding opportunities for common priorities

Leicestershire Fire and Rescue

The Leicestershire Fire and Rescue Service is a statutory partner of the CDRP and in line with many other organisations, is subject to Best Value Performance Indicators (BVPI's). The main BVPI's that relate to the service delivery area of community safety and therefore impact on the community are:

- A reduction in the total number of fires.
- A reduction in the number of calls to primary fires.
- A reduction in the number of calls to accidental fires in dwellings.
- A reduction in the number of deaths from accidental fires in dwellings.
- A reduction in the number of injuries from accidental fires in dwellings.
- A reduction in the number of deliberate fires.

There is a national target to reduce deliberate fires by 10% by the year 2010, based on baseline figures from 2001/02. Achievement against this target will lead to reductions in criminal damage, thus supporting the work of the CDRPs.

For further information or a copy of the Best Value Performance Plan, the Service Strategic Plan or the Integrated Risk Management Plan (IRMP), please contact 0116 287 2241

Health

The Charnwood and North West Leicestershire Primary Care Trust includes most of Charnwood Borough, although in south Charnwood, primary health care provision is by the Melton, Harborough and Rutland Trust. Both are statutory partners of the Charnwood Partnership but the former usually represents the interests of both on the Charnwood Partnership. Their remit is covered by the Improvement Plan “Putting the People at the Heart of Public Services” which sets out the priorities for the NHS.

The Department of Health and Home Office guidance highlights a number of specific areas that link across PCT and CDRP agendas as follows:

- The Cost of Crime on the NHS, for example bed days related to crime and disorder.
- Alcohol misuse, for example around 40% A&E admissions are alcohol related
- Alcohol related violence
- Drug misuse; Offending and problematic drug and alcohol use are strongly associated with poor educational achievement, low literacy levels, mental health problems, dual diagnosis, poverty, deprivation, discrimination and unemployment.
- Domestic violence; which accounts for 23% of all violent crime, and can also have a damaging effect on a child's health, educational attainment and emotional well-being and development

In addition to the areas outlined in the guidance, PCTs will also consider exploring links to the following areas of work: improving mental health, binge drinking and prison health.

Drug and Alcohol Action Team:

Leicestershire Drug and Alcohol Action Team (DAAT) is a strategic partnership of key agencies responsible for implementing the national drugs strategy and planning and commissioning services for drug misusers across Leicestershire.

The Government's National Drug Strategy has four key aims ;

- To help young people resist drug misuse in order to achieve their full potential.
- To protect communities from drug related anti-social and criminal behaviour
- To reduce the supply of illegal drugs on our streets.
- To enable people with drug problems to overcome them and live healthy and crime free lives.

The Home Office is currently reviewing the National Drug Strategy Key Performance Indicators for all elements of the drug strategy. It has indicated that these will be finalised in March 2005.

Prolific and other priority offenders

Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland have agreed to a centralised process, drawing together the required specialisms into a “One Stop Shop” approach.

The concept of Multi-Agency Prolific Persistent Offenders Management (MAPPOM) will consist of Police / Probation / drugs / housing / victim workers, working in a holistic approach to managing the offender’s behaviour, concentrating on control and rehabilitation support. Practitioners will be supported by the courts.

National research has identified a number of risk factors that contribute to the offending behaviour e.g. accommodation, substance misuse, education, employment; whilst these are not exclusively the reasons for offending they are well recorded as having a significant impact on offender rates.

The Local Offender Management Panels (LOMPs) seek to draw together specialist skills and services that can be required to tackle these factors. It is envisaged that LOMPs will consist of operational manager level representation across all of the above specialist areas.

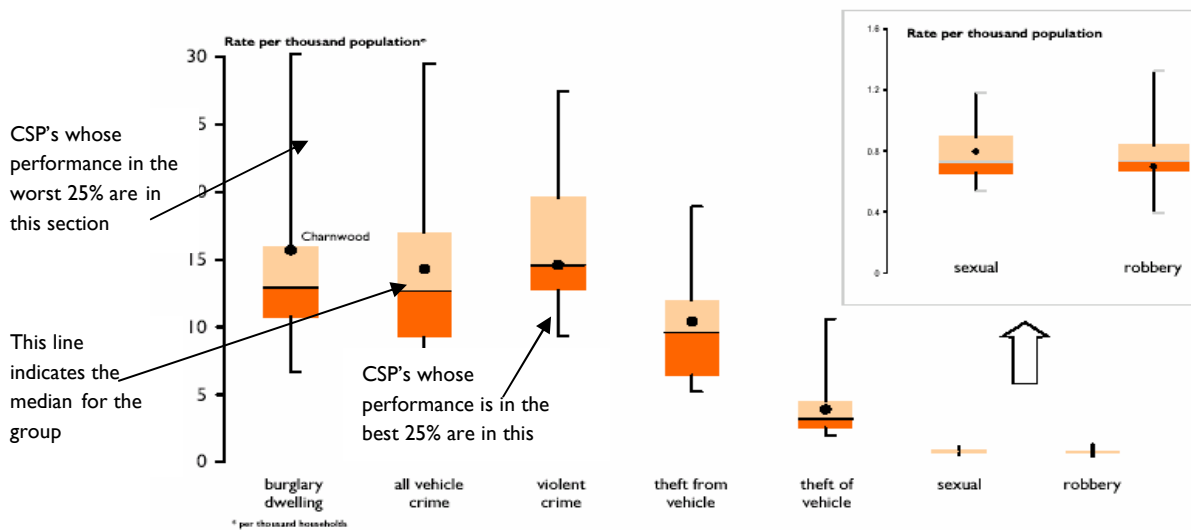
The LOMPs are locally based and are representative of more than one CDRP but are aligned within police Basic Command Unit boundaries. There should also be a representative from social services, health and the local authority community safety team.

By managing more effectively those considered most criminally active and problematical, we can anticipate a significant reduction in recorded crime and an increase in reassurance with improvement of the quality of life for communities, together with a reduction in the fear of crime.

APPENDIX 2 – SIMILAR COMMUNITY SAFETY PARTNERSHIPS

The box plots in the chart below show Charnwood Boroughs' performance in 2003/04 by crime type compared to Community Safety Partnerships (CSPs) in other similar areas. Groups of 15 similar CSPs have been used by the Home Office for comparative purposes and this is the first year that they have been used to benchmark crime statistics. It is intended to use this same method of grouping CSPs together until at least 2007/08.

Benchmarking similar Community Safety Partnerships 2003/04



Source: Crime in England and Wales 2003/2004. Tricia Dodd, Stan Nicholas, David Povey, Alison Walker, July 2004. 10/04. © Crown Copyright 2004. Taken from the table 'Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnerships - Recorded crime for six key offences 2002/03 to 2003/04'. All crime rates are based on mid-2002 population estimates supplied by the Office for National Statistics.

Similar CSPs used for comparison are:-

▪ Canterbury	▪ Bath and North East Somerset
▪ York	▪ Durham
▪ Bedford	▪ Welwyn/Hatfield
▪ Colchester	▪ Guildford
▪ Telford & Wrekin	▪ Newcastle-under-Lyme
▪ Lancaster	▪ Swansea
▪ Chelmsford	▪ Warwick

USEFUL CONTACTS

Community Safety Unit Policy and Planning Team Charnwood Borough Council Southfields Loughborough Tel: 01509 634920 Email: Communitysafety@charnwood.gov.uk	Community Safety Leicestershire County Council County Hall Glenfield Leics Tel: 0116 2656056
Leicestershire Constabulary Police Headquarters St Johns Enderby, Leics Tel:0116 222222	Leicestershire Fire and Rescue Service Meridian East Meridian Business Park Braunstone Leicester Tel: 0116 2872241
Charnwood Racial Equality Council 66 Nottingham Road Loughborough Tel: 01509 261651	Charnwood Citizens Advice Tel: 08701234096
Charnwood Council for Voluntary Service John Storer House Wards End, Loughborough Tel: 01509 224900	Turning Point 24 Frederick Street Loughborough Tel: 01509 611111

GUIDE TO ABBREVIATIONS

ASBO	Anti-Social Behaviour Orders
BCU	Basic Command Unit
CDRP	Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnership
COOL	Crime Out of Loughborough
CSP	Community Safety Partnership
DAAT	Drug and Alcohol Action Team
GOEM	Government Office East Midlands
HORDs	Home Office Regional Directors Funding
LAA	Local Area Agreement
LOMP	Local Offender Management Panel
LPU	Local Police Unit
LSP	Local Strategic Partnership
MAPPOM	Multi Agency Prolific Priority Offender Management
PCT	Primary Care Trust
PORT	Persistent Offender Reduction Team
PPO'S	Prolific and Priority Offenders
PSA	Public Service Agreement
SMART	Specific Measurable Achievable Relevant and Timed
YOT	Youth Offending Team

