



Charnwood Borough Council

Strategic Environmental Assessment Screening Report
&
Habitats Regulation Assessment Screening Report

Woodhouse Parish Neighbourhood Plan 2020-2036
Submission Version (February 2021)

NOTE:

Final determination made 17th September 2021 – Section 5 amended to include statutory consultee's comments and includes a 'Statement of Reasons'

March 2021

1. Introduction

- 1.1 This report seeks to determine whether the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan is likely to have significant environmental effects and will require a strategic environmental assessment (SEA). It will also assess the likelihood of the proposals within the Plan having an adverse impact upon internationally designated wildlife sites, as required by the European Habitats Directive.
- 1.2 Strategic Environmental Assessment and Sustainability Assessment requirements are prescribed by the European Directive 2001/42/EC. The requirements have been introduced into the planning system by the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 (SEA Regulations).
- 1.3 As regards the Habitats Regulations, Schedule 2 of the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012 requires, as a basic condition, that the making of a neighbourhood plan is not likely to have a significant effect upon a European site.

2. Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan

- 2.1 The Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan 2020 – 2036 Submission Version (February 2021) has been produced by the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Advisory Group under the direction of Woodhouse Parish Council for submission to Charnwood Borough Council. The advisory group comprises parish councillors and local volunteers.
- 2.2 The entire parish of Woodhouse was designated as the neighbourhood area to be covered by the plan on 3rd May 2018. The advisory group has undertaken several informal consultation events as detailed in pages 9-10 of the submission plan. The advisory group previously requested that Charnwood Borough Council undertake a Strategic Environmental Assessment screening and Habitats Regulations assessment prior to the Parish Council undertaking the statutory Regulation 14 consultation. This assessment updates the SEA prior to the Regulation 16 consultation.
- 2.5 The vision and objectives of the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan are set out on page 10 of the pre-submission plan. The plan contains the following policies:
 - H1 –Residential Site Allocation
 - H2 –Reserve Sites
 - H3 –Limits to Development
 - H4 –Windfall Sites
 - H5 –Affordable Housing
 - H6 –Design Standards
 - ENV1 –Protection of Local Green Space
 - ENV2 –Important Open Spaces
 - ENV3 –Protection of Sites of Natural Environmental Significance
 - ENV4 –Biodiversity, Woodland, Trees and Hedgerows, and Habitat Connectivity
 - ENV5 –Protection of Sites of Historical Significance
 - ENV6 –Local Heritage Assets
 - ENV7 –Ridge and Furrow
 - ENV8 –Protection of Important Views
 - ENV9 –Flood Risk Resilience

- ENV10 –Renewable Energy Infrastructure
- CF1 –Retention of Community Facilities and Amenities
- CF2 –New and Improved Community Facilities
- CF3 –Welbeck Sixth Form College and Beaumanor Hall
- BE1 –Support for Employment and Retail Use
- BE2 –Support for New Business and Employment
- BE3 –Shop Fronts and Signage
- BE4 –Home Working
- BE5 –Farm Diversification
- BE6 –Tourism
- BE7 –Broadband and Mobile Phone Infrastructure
- T1 –Traffic Flow & Volume Management
- T2 –Public Car Parking
- T3 –Electric Vehicles
- T4 –Footpaths, Bridleways and Cycle Routes

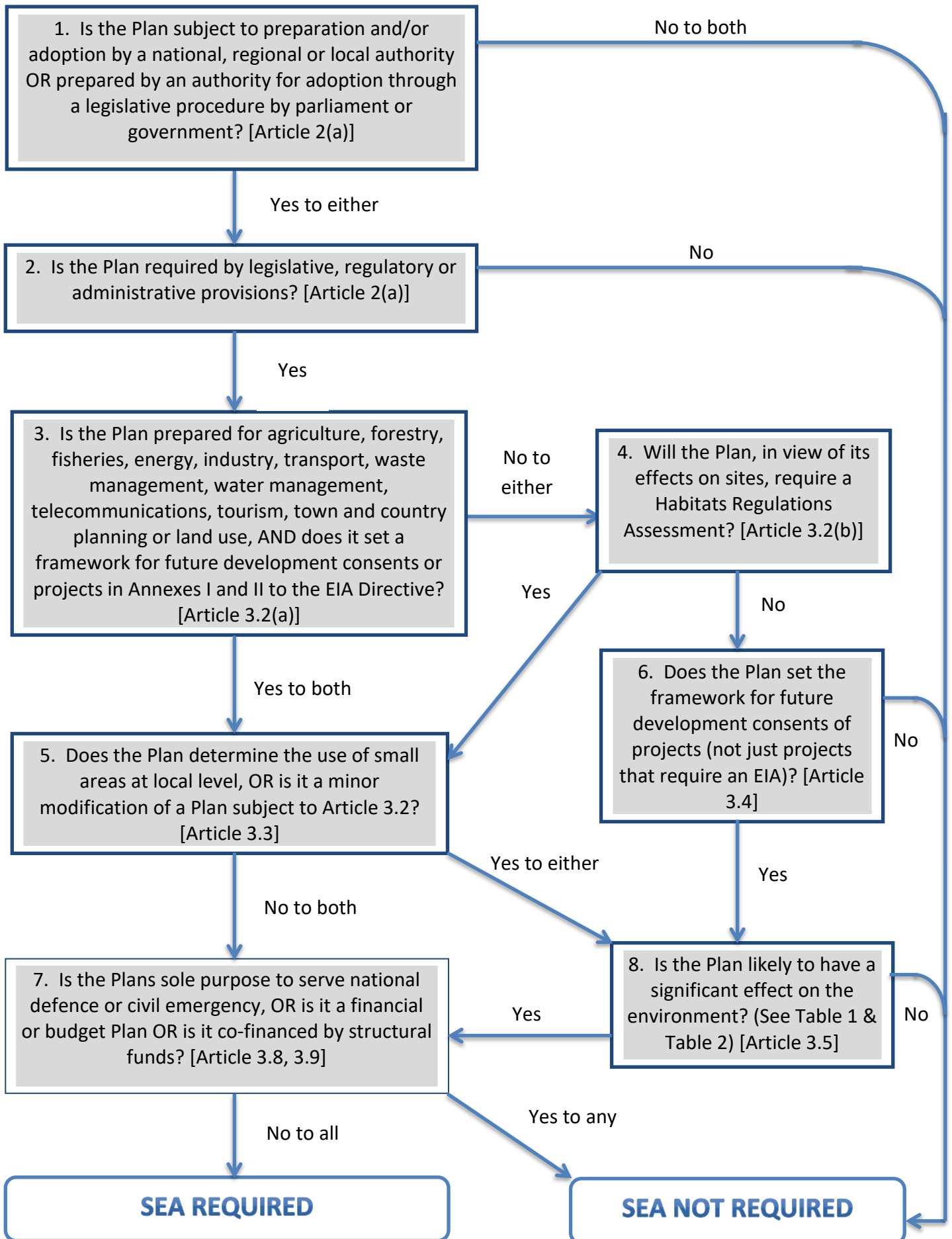
3. Strategic Environmental Assessment

3.1 The SEA Directive aims to ensure a high level of protection for the environment and to integrate environmental considerations into the preparation of plans. The Directive seeks to promote sustainable development by ensuring that an SEA is undertaken for any plans which may have a significant effect on the environment.

3.2 To establish if a plan needs to be accompanied by a full SEA, a “screening” assessment is undertaken against a series of criteria set out in the SEA Directive. The screening process and how a plan can be assessed against the SEA Directive criteria are shown in **Figure 1**.

Figure 1

Application of criteria of the SEA Directive to Plans



3.3 The assessment provided in Table 1, below, has provided answers to the questions posed in the flow diagram in Figure 1. If the steps shown in Figure 1 are followed then the requirement for an SEA can be determined.

Table 1: Assessment of the characteristics of the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan

	Assessment Criteria	Y/N	Assessment
1	Is the Neighbourhood Plan subject to preparation and/or adoption by a national, regional or local authority OR prepared by an authority for adoption through a legislative procedure by Parliament or Government? (Art. 2(a))	Y	The preparation and adoption of the Neighbourhood Plan is provided for by The Town and Country Planning Act 1990, (as amended by the Localism Act 2011) and the Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017. The Neighbourhood Plan has been prepared by Woodhouse Parish Council (as the relevant body) and will be made by Charnwood Borough Council as the local authority. The preparation of Neighbourhood Plans is subject to the following regulations as amended: i. The Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012, and ii. The Neighbourhood Planning (referendums) Regulations 2012.
2	Is the Neighbourhood Plan required by legislative, regulatory or administrative provisions? (Art. 2(a))	Y	Preparing a Neighbourhood Plan is optional as there are no legislative, regulatory or administrative provisions that require them. However, if “made” it will form part of the development plan for the Borough and must meet statutory requirements. It is therefore considered necessary to continue the screening process to determine if a SEA is required under the Directive. On that basis, a Yes answer is provided to the question.
3	Is the Neighbourhood Plan prepared for agriculture, forestry, fisheries, energy, industry, transport, waste management, water management, telecommunications, tourism, town and country planning or land use, AND does it set a framework	Y	The Neighbourhood Plan is primarily prepared for town and country planning/ land use purposes, and proposed policies cover themes including development allocations, protected spaces, biodiversity, woodland, flood risk, telecommunications, energy and tourism. The Neighbourhood Plan will form part of the Development Plan (i.e. the

	Assessment Criteria	Y/N	Assessment
	for future development consent of projects in Annexes I and II ¹ to the EIA Directive? (Art. 3.2(a))		<p>framework) for the neighbourhood area and therefore could potentially, alongside other policies in the Development Plan, influence development consent for several of the projects listed in Annexes I and II of the EIA Directive.</p> <p>Most notably the plan proposes to allocate land for residential development, which directly relates to 10(b) of Annex II as ‘urban development’.</p>
4	Will the Neighbourhood Plan, in view of its likely effect on sites, require an assessment for future development under Article 6 or 7 of the Habitats Directive? (Art 3.2(a))	N	<p>The Neighbourhood Plan is unlikely to have a significant effect upon any European (Natura 2000) site. A Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) Screening Report² was undertaken as part of the Charnwood Local Plan 2011 to 2028 Core Strategy preparation process. The final report, published in March 2013, concluded that the Core Strategy “<i>is not likely to have a significant effect upon any European site, including River Mease SAC and Rutland Water SPA/Ramsar site, either alone or in combination with other plans or projects, and therefore an Appropriate Assessment is not required.</i>”</p> <p>Charnwood Borough does contain any European sites within its boundaries; however, two sites are examined further in the HRA Screening Report; the River Mease SAC lies to the west of the Borough and the Rutland Water SPA and Ramsar site lies to the east.</p> <p>The HRA Screening Report found the Core Strategy unlikely to have</p>

¹ https://ec.europa.eu/environment/eia/pdf/cover_2015_en.pdf

² https://www.charnwood.gov.uk/files/documents/sd10_draft_charnwood_core_strategy_habitats_regulations_assessment_screening_record_2013/SD-10+-Draft+Charnwood+Core+Strategy+-+Habitat+Regulations+Assessment+Screening+Record+%282013%29.pdf

	Assessment Criteria	Y/N	Assessment
			<p>a significant effect upon these sites due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) A lack of pathway for effects arising from development in Charnwood to reach and affect the River Mease SAC; and ii) The level of management measures implemented by Leicestershire and Rutland Wildlife Trust in partnership with Anglian Water for the Rutland Water SPA/Ramsar site. <p>Considering the above findings, and also that the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan seeks to allocate small scale development sites and introduce generally protective policies, it is concluded that the Neighbourhood Plan would not affect any European site Report undertaken in 2013 for the Core Strategy. Therefore, it is considered that an Appropriate Assessment is not required.</p>
5	Does the Neighbourhood Plan determine the use of small areas at local level, OR is it a minor modification of a Plan subject to Art. 3.2? (Art. 3.3)	Y	The Neighbourhood Plan proposes the allocation of small housing development allocations, protective recreation and biodiversity space designations, and development management policies that will be used to determine planning applications within the neighbourhood area at a local level.
6	Does the Neighbourhood Plan set the framework for future development consent of projects (not just in annexes to the EIA Directive)? (Art. 3.4)	Y	The Neighbourhood Plan proposes the allocation of small housing development allocations, protective recreation and biodiversity space designations, and development management policies that will, if adopted, form part of the development plan for the neighbourhood area and will therefore form part of the framework (alongside the Local Plan) used to determine planning applications.
7	Is the Neighbourhood Plan's sole purpose to serve the national defence or civil emergency, OR is it a	N	The Neighbourhood Plan does not have a sole purpose which falls within any of these categories.

	Assessment Criteria	Y/N	Assessment
	financial or budget Plan OR is it co-financed by structural funds or EAGGF programmes 2000 to 2006/7? (Art. 3.8, 3.9)		
8	Is it likely to have a significant effect on the environment? (Art. 3.5)	N	<p>The Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan will be applicable only within the boundary of Woodhouse Parish Council as confirmed by the neighbourhood area designation.</p> <p>The policies of the Neighbourhood Plan seek to (policy):-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allocate 1 site for the development of 16 dwellings (H1) and 2 reserve sites for the development of 3 and 5 dwellings (H2) and support the general intensification of the existing developed area (H3). Allocated sites are small scale owing to their size. • Includes protective and proactive environmental policy provisions including minimising the impact on general amenity; promoting wildlife provisions, protecting natural environment assets; protecting trees and hedgerows; protecting views; managing flood risk, and promoting renewable energy infrastructure (H6; ENV3; ENV4; ENV8, ENV9; ENV10) • Protect areas for their recreation value (ENV1, ENV2) • Other policies are unlikely to have a significant environmental effects as they relate to site specific matters such as design, heritage, minor alterations, community facilities or they include criteria that are broadly consistent with the existing national policy approach.

3.4 Figure 1 sets out that where the answer to 5 or 6 is 'Yes', an assessment of the likely significant effects on the environment should be made. See Table 2 for this assessment.

Table 2: The Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 Schedule 1 – Criteria for Determining the Likely Significance of Effects on the Environment

Significant effect criteria	Assessment
1. The characteristics of the plans, having regard to:	
1a. the degree to which the plan sets a framework for projects and other activities, either with regard to the location, nature, size and operating conditions or by allocating resources;	<p>The Neighbourhood Plan, if made, would form part of the statutory development plan; therefore, it would contribute to the future development consent of projects. However, the Neighbourhood Plan sits within a wider framework set by the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and the adopted Charnwood Local Plan. The Neighbourhood Plan helps to set a framework for projects which are local in nature and must conform to the wider framework set at a strategic level.</p> <p>No likely significant environmental effect.</p>
1b. the degree to which the plan influences other plans and programmes including those in a hierarchy;	<p>The Neighbourhood Plan is required to be in conformity with the NPPF and the strategic policies in the adopted Local Plan. The Neighbourhood Plan therefore has a lower hierarchical position in relation to the rest of the Development Plan and seeks to respond to, rather than influence these. Additionally, neighbourhood plan policies only have impact within the designated neighbourhood area.</p> <p>No likely significant environmental effect.</p>
1c. the relevance of the plan for the integration of environmental considerations, in particular with a view to promoting sustainable development;	<p>The Neighbourhood Plan has been drafted in accordance with the principles of sustainable development set out in the NPPF, as set out in pages 12-13 of the plan. The Neighbourhood Plan contains policies on a multitude of policy areas, including the allocation of small infill housing development sites, protective environmental policies, and small scale site specific policies. Neighbourhood Plan policies are required to be in conformity with national and local policies as required by the legally defined ‘Basic Conditions’. The Neighbourhood Plan is also required to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development to enable it to be approved at examination and “made” by the Borough Council. Development would also be subject to the policies in the Charnwood Local Plan; therefore, all environmental considerations will be taken into account.</p>

Significant effect criteria	Assessment
	<p>The plan includes positive policies for the promotion of sustainable development, including for economic growth proposals, retaining and supporting social/recreational/community assets, and supporting sustainable environmental projects such as renewable energy generation and electric vehicle charging.</p> <p>No likely significant environmental effect.</p>
<p>1d. environmental problems relevant to the plan; and</p>	<p>The neighbourhood plan area contains 4 SSSI's (one partial) and a number of Local Wildlife Sites (see mapping https://webmap.charnwood.gov.uk/CharnwoodWebMap/). Most recently 'Johnsons' Meadows' SSSI was designated on 3101/2020.</p> <p>The neighbourhood plan sets out protective policies including:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Several policies set out topic specific amenity considerations, and also a general policy guiding the overall standard of design (H6) • The identification of Local Green Spaces and Open Spaces (ENV1, ENV2) with general protections against development. • The protection of biodiversity asserts including protected sites, woodland, trees, hedgerows (ENV3, ENV4). • The identification of heritage assets and general support for their retention (ENV5, ENV6, ENV7) • General protection for important landscape views (ENV8) • Responding to flood risk (ENV9) <p>The neighbourhood plan proposes to allocate 1 site for the development of 16 dwellings (H1) and 2 reserve sites for the development of 3 and 5 dwellings (H2) and supports the general intensification of the existing developed area (H3). Allocated sites are small scale owing to their size and the Council's Ecology Officer has no initial biodiversity concerns about these sites. The development plan (Local Plan and Neighbourhood Plan) is applied in its entirety when determining planning applications therefore environmental problems relevant to the plan area will always be</p>

Significant effect criteria	Assessment
	<p>appropriately considered. No likely significant environmental effect.</p>
<p>1e. the relevance of the plan for the implementation of Community legislation on the environment (e.g. plans linked to waste-management or water protection).</p>	<p>The Neighbourhood Plan will have to comply with national and local planning policies and European legislation in order to meet the 'Basic Conditions. The Neighbourhood Plan has to be in conformity with the Charnwood Local Plan Core Strategy, which has had regard to European Community legislation on the environment. No likely significant environmental effect.</p>
<p>2. Characteristics of the effects and of the area likely to be affected, having regard, in particular, to:</p>	
<p>2a. the probability, duration, frequency and reversibility of the effects;</p>	<p>The neighbourhood plan has a proposed plan period up to 2036, and supports continual plan monitoring including a commitment to review the plan in 2025. If it considered in the future that the plan does have negative effects, provisions are included in the legislation that makes it possible to revoke a neighbourhood plan.</p> <p>The policies in the neighbourhood plan, as set out in a section 1d, are generally protective or small in scale. The development plan, including the neighbourhood plan and the local plan, is read in its entirety and therefore matters not covered by the neighbourhood plan are likely to be covered elsewhere in the development plan. This provides adequate control in terms of reversibility. No likely significant environmental effect.</p>
<p>2b. the cumulative nature of the effects;</p>	<p>The cumulative effects of the neighbourhood plan which may occur will be limited. The plan proposes three small-scale housing allocations and generally protective planning policies as set out in section 1d. If it is found to be the case that unanticipated negative cumulative effect result from the plan, there is scope for reversibility as set out in section 2a. No likely significant environmental effect.</p>
<p>2c. the transboundary nature of the</p>	<p>All effects of the neighbourhood plan will be local in nature as the policies are only applicable to</p>

Significant effect criteria	Assessment
effects;	the neighbourhood area. The policies of the plan are generally protective in nature and will therefore reduce the scope for any limited impact upon surrounding parishes. No likely significant environmental effect.
2d. the risks to human health or the environment (e.g. due to accidents);	There are no significant risks to human health or the environment. The Plan may improve human health by protecting areas which are important to the local community for recreation, along with providing suitable homes to meet local needs. No likely significant environmental effect.
2e. the magnitude and spatial extent of the effects (geographical area and size of the population likely to be affected);	The Neighbourhood Plan relates to the parish of Woodhouse and generally aims to concentrate development within the defined limits to development (Policy H3 and H4). The plan includes generally protective policies and therefore the magnitude and spatial extent of the effects are likely to be small. No likely significant environmental effect.
2f. the value and vulnerability of the area likely to be affected due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. special natural characteristics or cultural heritage; 2. exceeded environmental quality standards or limit values; 3. intensive land-use; and 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. As set out in the assessment for criteria 1c and 1d in this table, the neighbourhood plan seeks to address the three tiers of sustainable development which includes policies that will seek to enhance the natural environment and cultural heritage of the area. 2. The neighbourhood plan sets out several policy provisions to exceed environmental quality standards, including support for enhanced design and biodiversity provision, to support renewable energy generation, and to support electric vehicle parking provision. 3. As set out in the assessment for criteria 2e, the neighbourhood plan generally aims to concentrate development within the defined limits to development (Policy H3 and H4). More intensive land use is therefore concentrated in areas that are already intensely developed relative to the surrounding countryside. No likely significant environmental effect.
2g. the effects on areas or landscapes which have a recognised national, Community or international protection status.	Woodhouse lies within the National Forest which is not statutory landscape designation. It also lies within Charnwood Forest Regional Park. The policies include generally protective provisions or propose small scale development. No likely significant environmental effect.

- 3.4 Following the flow diagram in Figure 1, with the assessment made in Tables 1 and 2, this Screening Report concludes that a full Strategic Environmental Assessment is not required. No significant environmental effects are likely to arise from the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan Submission Version (February 2021)
- 3.5 A subsequent addendum to this screening report will only be required should any significant changes be proposed to the neighbourhood plan.
- 3.6. The views of the relevant consultation bodies (Historic England, Natural England and the Environment Agency) have been sought and Section 5 of this document has been updated to include comments received, prior to a formal determination.

4. Habitats Regulations Assessment

- 4.1 Alongside the SEA screening process there is also a need to assess whether the Neighbourhood Plan would have an adverse impact upon internationally designated wildlife sites, as required by the European Habitats Directive.
- 4.2 The Charnwood Local Plan 2011 to 2028 Core Strategy was accompanied by a Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) Screening Report³ to examine whether the plan would have a significant effect upon any European (Natura 2000) site. The final report, published in March 2013, concluded that the Core Strategy *“is not likely to have a significant effect upon any European site, including River Mease SAC and Rutland Water SPA/Ramsar site, either alone or in combination with other plans or projects, and therefore an Appropriate Assessment is not required.”*
- 4.3 There are no European sites within the boundaries of Charnwood Borough; however, the Screening Report did examine the River Mease SAC, which lies to the west of the Borough, and the Rutland Water SPA and Ramsar site, which lies to the east.
- 4.4 The HRA Screening Report considered that the Core Strategy would be unlikely to have a significant effect upon these sites due to:
- i) A lack of pathway for effects arising from development in Charnwood to reach and affect the River Mease SAC; and
 - ii) The level of management measures implemented by Leicestershire and Rutland Wildlife Trust in partnership with Anglian Water for the Rutland Water SPA/Ramsar site.
- 4.5 The HRA Screening Report concluded that, either alone or in combination with other plans or projects, the Core Strategy is not likely to have a significant effect upon any European site.

³https://www.charnwood.gov.uk/files/documents/sd10_draft_charnwood_core_strategy_habitats_regulations_assessment_screening_record_2013/SD-10+-+Draft+Charnwood+Core+Strategy+-+Habitat+Regulations+Assessment+Screening+Record+%282013%29.pdf

4.6 This report also considers Chapter 8 of Part 6 of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017⁴, as required by the Basic Conditions, and responds to regulation 105 (1-6) below:

- (1) – This report concludes that there no requirement for a full SEA/HRA in relation to the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan.
- (2) – Responses of the statutory consultees are provided in Section 5 of this report.
- (3) – This report will form part of the suite of consultation documents as part of Charnwood Borough Council’s Regulation 16 consultation.
- (4) – It is anticipates, subject to the responses of the statutory consultees in Section 5 of this report, that Regulation 107 does not apply as the neighbourhood plan is considered to have no likely significant effects on sites applicable to HRA.
- (5) – This report will be the subject of consultation with the general public and statutory consultees.
- (6) – The Screening report has determined that the neighbourhood plan will not impact any sites applicable to HRA.

4.7 To conclude, the Neighbourhood Plan is required to be in conformity with the Core Strategy. Given this requirement and the limited scale of development proposed in the Neighbourhood Plan, it is not considered that the Neighbourhood Plan will further affect any European site in addition to the impacts identified in the HRA Screening Report undertaken in 2013 for the Core Strategy. This screening report meets the basic condition as per paragraph 4.6 Therefore, it is considered that an Appropriate Assessment is not required.

4.8 The views of the relevant consultation bodies (Historic England, Natural England and the Environment Agency) have been sought and Section 5 of this document has been updated to include comments received, prior to a formal determination.

5. Conclusion

5.1 The Environment Agency, Natural England and Historic England were consulted on the SEA screening on March 17 2021 (May 5 2021 for Historic England due to an administrative error) as required by legislation and the following responses were received:

Consultee	Response
Environment Agency	<p>Thank you for your email seeking views on the SEA Screening for the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan.</p> <p>From the perspective of the remit of the Environment Agency we do not disagree with the report’s conclusion that a full SEA is not considered necessary. However, due to the number of SSI’s in close proximity of the Plan Area we advise you do consider the views of Natural England.</p>

⁴ <https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2017/1012/part/6/chapter/8/made>

Natural England

Thank you for your consultation on the above dated 17 March 2021.

Natural England is a non-departmental public body. Our statutory purpose is to ensure that the natural environment is conserved, enhanced, and managed for the benefit of present and future generations, thereby contributing to sustainable development.

Where Neighbourhood Plans could have significant environmental effects, they may require a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) under the Environment Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004 (as amended). Further guidance on deciding whether the proposals are likely to have significant environmental effects and the requirements for consulting Natural England on SEA are set out in the planning practice guidance.

Planning practice guidance also outlines that if an appropriate assessment is required for your neighbourhood plan this will also engage the need for a SEA. One of the basic conditions that will be tested by the independent examiner is whether the neighbourhood plan is compatible with European obligations, including those under the SEA Directive. Where a SEA is required it should be prepared in accordance with regulation 12 of the SEA Regulations.

Natural England welcomes the Screening Report which assesses the requirement for Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) and Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) for the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan.

I can confirm that Natural England agrees with this report's conclusion that it is not likely there will be significant environmental effects arising from the policies in the plan, which are not covered in the Charnwood Adopted Core Strategy or the evolving Local Plan. Therefore, the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan does not require a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) to be undertaken.

Natural England also agrees that the Plan would be unlikely to result in any significant effect to European Sites, either alone or in combination, and therefore an appropriate assessment under the Habitats Regulations is not required.

We would be happy to comment further should the need arise but if in the meantime you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact us. For any queries relating to the specific advice in this letter please contact me on 020 8720 4183 or 07767556842. For any new consultations, or to provide further information on this consultation please send your correspondences to consultations@naturalengland.org.uk.

<p>Historic England</p>	<p>Thank you for your consultation of 5 May 2021 and the request for a Screening Opinion in respect of the Woodhouse Neighbourhood Plan.</p> <p>For the purposes of consultations on SEA Screening Opinions, Historic England confines its advice to the question, “Is it likely to have a significant effect on the environment?” in respect of our area of concern, cultural heritage. Our comments are based on the information supplied with the screening request.</p> <p>On the basis of the information supplied and in the context of the criteria set out in Schedule 1 of the Environmental Assessment Regulations [Annex II of ‘SEA’ Directive], Historic England is of the view that the preparation of a Strategic Environmental Assessment is not likely to be required.</p> <p>The views of the other statutory consultation bodies should be taken into account before the overall decision on the need for a SEA is made. If a decision is made to undertake a SEA, please note that Historic England has published guidance on Sustainability Appraisal / Strategic Environmental Assessment and the Historic Environment that is relevant to both local and neighbourhood planning and available at: https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/sustainability-appraisal-and-strategic-environmental-assessment-advice-note-8/</p> <p>Should it be concluded that, overall, a SEA will be required for the Plan, Historic England would be pleased to discuss the scope of the assessment in relation to the historic environment in due course.</p> <p>I hope that this information is of use to you at this time. Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact me.</p>
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5.2 Given the responses above, it is concluded that there is no requirement for a full Strategic Environmental Assessment or Habitats Regulations Assessment.

5.3 Following the consultation, a statement of reasons is attached as Appendix A and has been sent to the above consultees in accordance with the regulations⁵.

⁵ <https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2004/1633/regulation/11/made>

Appendix A – Statement of Reasons



Woodhouse Parish Neighbourhood Plan - Published 16th September 2021

STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (SEA) SCREENING DETERMINATION UNDER THE ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT OF PLANS AND PROGRAMMES REGULATIONS 2004

Charnwood Borough Council undertook a Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Screening (March 2021) to determine the requirement for SEA for the Submission Woodhouse Parish Neighbourhood Plan.

The relevant statutory bodies (The Environment Agency, Natural England and Historic England) were consulted on the SEA Screening Report as part of the Regulation 16 consultation and no specific comments were made. Following this consultation, the Submission Woodhouse Parish Neighbourhood Plan was examined by an independent examiner who concluded at paragraph 4.5.4 of her report that the SEA was legally compliant. The examiner recommended several changes to the Plan none of which allocate additional land for development or proposed a significant change in policy approach.

Following consultation with the relevant statutory bodies and considering the examiner's recommendations, Charnwood Borough Council has determined that a SEA of the Woodhouse Parish Neighbourhood Plan is not required as it is not likely to have significant environmental effects. As such, it is the opinion of Charnwood Borough Council that the Woodhouse Parish Neighbourhood Plan is in accordance with the provisions of European Directive 2001/42/EC as incorporated into United Kingdom law by the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Regulations 2004. The reasons for this decision are:

Statement of Reasons

- The Neighbourhood Plan has been written to be in general conformity with the Charnwood Local Plan Core Strategy 2011-2028 and emerging draft local plan. The environmental credentials of the Core Strategy have been assessed through reports such as Sustainability Appraisal and Habitats Regulations Assessment. The Neighbourhood Plan does not alter the development strategy set out in the Core Strategy or emerging draft local plan.
- The policies in the Plan are considered to have a generally neutral/ positive environmental impact at a local level, particularly through the inclusion of local design considerations or protective designations.

- The analysis undertaken in the Woodhouse Parish Neighbourhood Plan SEA Screening Report (March 2021) supports the conclusion that a SEA is not required and this has been confirmed through consultation with the statutory consultees.
- The examiner's recommendations did not significantly alter the policies of the plan or allocate additional land for development.

A copy of the SEA Screening Report is available for inspection:

- Online
https://www.charnwood.gov.uk/pages/woodhouse_neighbourhood_plan
- At the Council Offices, Southfield Road, Loughborough (email localplans@charnwood.gov.uk to arrange this)